

Across:

- 1 excessive activity of the thyroid gland
- The ovum-producing sexual reproductive organ in the female 4 that produces eggs and female sex hormones
- a large lobulated gland that is in front of the upper lumbar 6 vertebrae and behind the stomach and is hammer-shaped and firmly attached anteriorly to the curve of the duodenum
- 9 severe hypoglycemia from the presence of excessive insulin
- 10 deficient activity of the thyroid gland
- a condition characterized by excessive growth 11
- a protein hormone that is synthesized in the pancreas and 14 regulates blood sugar levels
- a hormone that stimulates the contraction of uterine muscle 16 and the secretion of milk
- a variable disorder of carbohydrate metabolism usually 17 characterized by inadequate secretion or utilization of insulin
- a disorder that is caused by chronic overproduction of growth 18 hormone by the pituitary gland
- a common form of hyperthyroidism characterized by goiter 19 and often a slight protrusion of the eyeballs

Down:

- the vascular organ in mammals that unites the fetus to the maternal uterus and 2 mediates its metabolic exchanges
- occurs in type 2 diabetics when the blood sugar gets too high and the body 3 becomes severely dehydrated
- a destructive disease marked by deficient adrenocortical secretion and characterized by extreme weakness, loss of weight, low blood pressure,
- 5 gastrointestinal disturbances, and brownish pigmentation of the skin and mucous membranes
- an abnormal bodily condition that is caused by excess corticosteroids and 7 especially cortisol from adrenal or pituitary hyperfunction
- a glandular structure of largely lymphoid tissue that functions in cell-mediated 8 immunity by being the site where T cells develop
- an enlargement of the thyroid gland that is commonly visible as a swelling of the 11 anterior part of the neck
- 12 a medical term describing the condition of stunted growth
- product of living cells that circulates in body fluids and produces a specific 13 stimulatory effect on the activity of cells usually away from its point of origin
- paired male reproductive gland that consists of seminiferous tubules, Leydig 15 cells, and that corresponds to the ovary of the female